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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/710,395	07/07/2004	Wang-Sheng Chen	ADTP0113USA	4394
27765	7590 08/08/2005		EXAMINER	
NORTH AMERICA INTERNATIONAL PATENT OFFICE (NAIPC)			TADESSE, YEWEBDAR T	
P.O. BOX 50 MERRIFIEL	D, VA 22116		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
	•		1734	
			DATE MAILED: 08/08/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/710,395	CHEN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
•	Yewebdar T. Tadesse	1734	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a			:s
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP	DIVIS SET TO EYDIDE 2 N	AONTHAS) FROM	
 THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reference of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a eply within the statutory minimum of this will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO ute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.
Status			•
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·		
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)☑ Th	nis action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	vance except for formal mat	tters, prosecution as to the me	rits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application	on.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>11-20</u> is/are withdra			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		·	
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a		by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.	.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-1	52.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	an priority under 35 U.S.C.	8 119(a)-(d) or (f)	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	gir priority and or occio.	3 110(a) (a) 01 (1).	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority docume		Application No.	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr			re .
application from the International Bure	•		, -
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		t received.	
	•		
Attachment(s) 1) Metics of References Cited (RTO 802)	∧ □	O	•
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	• ———	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	 □ `	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office	Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 08	B042005

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Applicant's election of group I in the reply filed on 07/15/2005 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).
- 2. Claims 11-20 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on 07/15/2005.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 3, lines 4-5 recites the limitation "the temperature sensor". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. For the purpose of examination "the at least one temperature sensor" is assumed.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 7. Claims 1, 3-5, 7-8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ikeno et al (US 4,886,012) in view of Yoshio (US 5,778,911).

 As to claims 1 and 7-8, Ikeno et al discloses (see Fig 2, column 1, lines 5-7, column 4, lines 50-65) a photoresist coating system comprising a chemical tank (container 11) for positioning at least one photoresist bottle (6), the photoresist bottle being used for storing photoresist solution supplied to the photoresist coating system; a cooling system (refrigerated container and cooling jacket 14) for chilling the photoresist solution in the photoresist bottle; a heating system (heat exchanger 12) for heating the photoresist

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solution; and an automatic photoresist feed system for delivering the photoresist solution to a substrate (nozzle 10 with a control valve 9). Ikeno et al lacks teaching a feed system comprising a draining device for draining the photoresist solution in the photoresist bottle by utilizing the principle of draining. Yoshio discloses (see Fig 2) an automatic photoresist feed system comprising a draining device (circulation cup 12 with a drain pipe 13) for draining the photoresist solution in the photoresist bottle by utilizing the principle of draining and pushing using pumps (15 and 18). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a feed system comprising a draining device for draining the photoresist solution in the photoresist bottle by utilizing the principle of draining in Ikeno to enhance the overall efficiency of the system.

As to claim 3, Ikeno discloses (see Fig 6) at least one temperature sensor for detecting a temperature of the photoresist solution in the photoresist bottle and a control circuit (control unit 26) electrically connected to the temperature sensor (27), the cooling system and the heating system for temperature controlling.

With respect to claims 4-5, in Ikeno the heating system temperature is between 20° – 25° and the cooling system (refrigerated container) is capable of having a temperature between -5°, and -25°.

As to claim 10, Ikeno discloses a waste collecting system (chamber 3 with drain 4) for reclaiming the photoresist solution sprayed during spinning coating.

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- 8. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ikeno in view of Yoshio as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Fukuda et al (US 5,733,375) or Anderson et al (US 5,058,805). Ikeno lacks teaching at least one sensor for detecting an amount of the photoresist solution in the photoresist bottle. However, the use of level sensors for a tank or bottle containing a coating liquid is well known in the art to control the flow of the liquid coating material; for instance Fukuda et al discloses (see Fig 1) at least one sensor (15) for a coating bottle (tank 3) and Anderson discloses (see Fig 3) sensors (178, 180, 182 and 184) for reservoirs (158 and 152). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include sensors detecting the amount of photoresist solution in the bottle of Ikeno to insure the flow of coating material or to regulate or adjust the flow of coating material based on the detected level of the coating material in the tank or bottle.
- 9. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ikeno in view of Yoshio as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Ishii et al (US 6,903,030). Ikeno teaches a cooling system having a cooling jacket, however a cooling system comprising a coolant, a water jacket, a water pump, a water pump, a water tank or a thermostat is not taught. Ishii discloses (see Fig 4 and column 7, lines 48-55) a cooling system comprising a coolant, water flowing through the cooling jacket a supply unit 67 and a thermostat (temperature detector 68). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a cooling

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system having elements as claimed in Ikeno to maintain the coating material within the container or bottle at the desired cooling temperature.

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10. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ikeno in view of Yoshio as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Sakamoto (US 6,193,783). Ikeno lacks teaching a system having a bubble trap tank for collecting bubbles in the photoresist solution. Sakamoto discloses (see column 3, lines 64-66 and Fig 1) a bubble trap tank (16) for a processing solution supply apparatus. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a bubble trap tank in Ikeno to uniformly apply the coating material onto the substrate.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yewebdar T. Tadesse whose telephone number is (571) 272-1238. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM-4: 30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chris Fiorilla can be reached on (571) 272-1187. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

YTT

Karehle P-1

CURTIS MAYES
PRIMARY EXAMINER